SAFETY DATA SHEET

Issued Date 2009/5/12
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1. Identification

* Product name Frame Retardant Lacquer Thinner

* Reference number 21102

* Company Washin Paint Co.,Ltd.

* Company address 2100-18 Kamiyoshiba Satte-shi Saitama-ken 340-0121 Japan

* Section concerned

* Person in change

* Phone No.

* FAX No.

* Emergency contact

* Product kind

* Principal use

Engineering Department

Takeyuki Kawashima

0480–48–2021

0480–48–2024

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2. Hazards identification

[Classification]

Hazards	Category	Signal word		
Hazarus	Hazard statement			
Flammable liquids	Not classified			
Traininable liquius				
Acute toxicity Oral	Not classified			
Additional of the				
Acute toxicity Dermal	Not classified			
Additional political				
Acute toxicity Gasas	Not applicable			
, toute texterly dubus				
Acute toxicity Vapours	Not classified			
Treate sample, vapour a				
Acute toxicity Mists	Classification not possible			
		1		
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2	Warning		
	Causes skin irritation.			
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2	Warning		
corredcty damage, eye irritation	Causes serious eye irritation.			
Respiratory sensitization	Classification not possible			
rtoophiacory contractation				
Skin sensitization	Not classified			
Chair Concidend				
Germ cell mutagenicity	Classification not possible			
Learning and the second and the seco				
Carcinogenicity	Category 1	Danger		
Carolinogomoicy	May cause cancer.			
Reproductive toxicity	Category 2	Warning		
Tropioductive toxicity	Suspected of damaging fertility or the u	ınborn child.		
Specific target organ systemic toxicity	Category 1	Danger		
Single exposure	Causes damage to organs or state all or	rgans affected if known.		
Specific target organ systemic toxicity	Category 1	Danger		
Repeated exposure	Causes damage to organs state all organs affected,	$if \ known \ through \ prolonged \ or \ repeated \ exposure.$		
Assiration hazard	Classification not possible			
Aspiration hazard				
Hazardous to aquatic environment	Category 3			
Acute	Harmful to aquatic life.	·		
Hazardous to aquatic environment	Category 3			
Chronic	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting	effects.		
	Classification not possible			
Hazardous to the ozone layer	· ·	1		
* If the signal word "Dangar" applie	es the signal word "Worning" should not an	noor		

^{*} If the signal word "Danger" applies, the signal word "Worning" should not appear.

^{*} For the details with "Specific target organ systemic toxicity", refer to "11.Toxicological information".

[Symbol]

Exclamation mark

Health hazard





[Precautionary statement]

(Prevention)

- * Obtain and understand special instructions before use.
- * Keep away from ignition sources such as heat/sparks/open flame. No smoking.
- * Store container tightly and avoid release to the environment.
- * Prevent the electro static discharge. Ground a container/carrier receptacle and so on.
- * Use the tools that sparks don't come out.
- * Avoid breathing vapours/mist/spray.
- * Don't eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
- * Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection when it needs.
- * Wash hands thoroughly and gargle after handling.

(Response)

- * In case of fire, use carbon dioxide/powder/foams for extinction.
- * If inhaled: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Seek medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
- * If in eyes: Rince cautiously with water, get medical advice/attention.
- * If on skin or cloth: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and exchange it.
- * If skin irritation occurs, seek medical advice/attention.
- * If exposed or concerned: Get medical attention/advice.

(Strage)

* Store container tightly closed in the place which well-ventilated, cool and child doesn't reach.

(Disposal)

- * Don't dispose contents to the river and the sewage. Dispose after using them up.
- * Dispose container in accordance with local/regional/national regulation. Don't use another purpose.

3. Composition/information on ingradients

Property Mixture
Product kind Thinner

Chemical name	Weight (%)	CAS No.	Chemical structure	Notice duty
methyl isobutyl ketone	5 ~ 10	108-10-1	C6H12O	0
propyleneglycol monomethylether	5 ~ 10	107-98-2	C14H10O2	0
dichloromethane	40	75-09-2	CH2Cl2	0
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl asetate	30~40	108-65-6	C6H12O3	_
_	_	_	_	_

4. First-aid measures

(When swallowing

- * Without making vomit by force, be rested and have a medical attention.
- * The vomit doesn't make swallow. Get medical attention.

(When inhaling)

- * Do the artificial respiration in case of breathing's being irregular or stopping.
- * The vomit doesn't make swallow.
- * Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Seek medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

(When adhering to the skin)

- * Wipes up quickly with cloth and washes it off sufficiently using plenty of water and soap. Don't use organic solvent, thinner and so on.
- * If you get damage or feel pain, seek medical advice/attention.

21102

(When entering eyes)

- * Wash for more than 15 minutes with a plenty of water at once.
- * Get a medical attention as fast as possible.

5. Fire-fighting measures

(Suitable extinguishing media)

* Water (), Carbon dioxide (O), Foams (O), Powder (O), Dry sand (), Other (),

(Specific hazards arising from the chemical)

- * When in contact with the heat, flame, oxidizing reagent, there is a risk of severe fire.
- * When heated, there is a fear of intense bust of container by expansion or resolution.
- * When burning, there is possibility to make carbon monoxide occur.

(Specific extinguishing method)

- * Tell Fire Service the place and the dangerous/hazardous property.
- * Prevent outflow being in water pipe or watercourse.
- * Wear respiratory-protective-equipment and protective-glove.
- * Remove combustibles quickly from the surrounding area.
- * Uses the suitable extinguishing media.
- * Do fire fighting from the windward.

(Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters)

* Wear respiratory-protective-equipment, chemical-defense clothes/glove/boots,/glasses/mask as occasion demands.

6. Accidental release measures

(Personal precautions, protective equipment and emargency prosedures)

- * Lead personnel to the windward from outflow areas.
- * Avoid the inhalation of vapour. Avoid the contact to the skin and eyes. Promote ventilation.
- * Wear protective equipments (gloves, protective mask, apron and goggles).

(Environmental precautions)

- * Prevent outflow being in water pipe or watercourse.
- * When water pipe or watercourse are polluted, contact organs concerned.

(Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up)

- * Remove ignition sources. Prohibit smoking and fire. Use the tools which don't spark.
- * Collects outflow to the container which can be shut, and move it to the safe place.
- * Prevent outflow using dry sand, earth or other imcombustible material, and make absorb residue to collect it.
- * It may use water sprayer to absorb the diffusion of vapour.
- * Dispose wastes based on the regurations concerned.

7. Handling and storage

(Handring: Technical measure)

- * Handle this based on the related laws (Industrial Safety and Health Law, Fire Defense Law, etc.).
- st Forrow the operation-standard, keep working atmosphere below TLV, promote ventilation.
- * When in working, wear antistatic work clothing, shoes.
- * Remove ignition sources, prohibit smoking and fire, Use tools which don't spark.
- * Ground equipments (transport, dip, stirring liquid) and use explosion-proof type electric equipments.
- * After handling, wash hands with soap water. It should wash work clothing separately.

(Handring: Notice)

- * Ground equipments and use explosion-proof type electric equipments.
- * Avoid contact with strong oxidizing reagent.
- * It has a fear of causing a reaction by heating, acidic material and alkaline material.
- $\boldsymbol{\ast}$ Use the container which has no damage, no corrosion and no breakage.
- * Gather used containers to the decided safekeeping place.

(Storage)

* Store container tightly closed in the place which well-ventilated and cool.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Standard control concentration, threshold limit value etc.

(Control parameters e.g. occupational exposure limit values or biological limit values)

Chemical name	Standard control concentration	Tthreshold limit value	ACGIH (TLV)	PRTR
methyl isobutyl ketone	20ppm	50ppm	20ppm	_
propyleneglycol monomethylether	_	_	100ppm	_
dichloromethane	50ppm	50ppm	50ppm	Class 1-186
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl asetate	_	_	_	_
_	_	_	_	_

(Equipment measure)

- * Set up sealed systems or local ventilation systems.
- * Set up safe shower, bathroom and face washing near the work area, and display the position.
- * Show the signs such like 'NO UNAUTHORIZED ENTRY'.
- * There needs explosion-proof type ventilation equipments/systems.

(Protection measure)

- * As occasion demands, wear following guards appropriately.
 - air-supplied respirator, air SCBA, oxygen SCBA, chemical-cartridge respirator, protective glasses, protective gloves, protective boots, protective clothing,
- * Check protective equipments regularly by the check list.
- * Don't eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
- * Wash hands with soap before eat, drink or smoke.
- * The person who showed the symptom of the asthma once should not contact this chemical because he may cause the same symptom.
- * Contact lens bring about special harm.
 - Don't use soft contact lens because it absorbs irritant and has possibility to concentrate them.
- * Wear chemical-proof type protective gloves and antistatic protective shoes.

9. Physical and chemical properties

(Physical state: Liquid)

Colour	Trans	parent colo	orless	Density	1.06	$g/mL(25^{\circ}C)$	Flash point	_	°C
Odour	Solve	nt odour		PH	Not corre	espond	Ignition point	-	သိ
Boiling point Lo	wer	40	°C	Solbility	Not sol. I	n water	Flammability or exp	olosive limit	s
Boiling point Up	per	146	°C	Partiton coe	efficient n-oc	tanol/water	Lower	1.2	%
Vapour pressu	ıre	58659	Pa (ref.)		No data		Upper	66	%

10. Stability and reactivity

(Chemical stability)

- * The product seems to be stable.
- * It has a possibility of the dangerous/harmful reaction.
- * It reacts to the oxidizing materials.
- * No other reactions were informed.

(Conditions to avoid)

- * Heating, Contact with the avoidance, Ignition source.
- * Degradation product which has dangerous/hazardous property.
- * Vapour of organic solvent.
- * Heat, light, metal powder and peroxide.

11. Toxicological information

Chemical name	Acute toxicity				
Onemical name	Oral	Dermal	Gasas	Vapours	
methyl isobutyl ketone	Not classified	Not classified	Not applicable	Category 3	
propyleneglycol monomethylether	Not classified	Not classified	Not applicable	Not classified	
dichloromethane	Category 4	Classification not possible	Not applicable	Not classified	
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl asetate	Not classified	Not classified	Not applicable	Classification not possible	
_	-	-	-	-	

Chemical name	Acute toxicity	Skin corrosion/	Serious eye damage/	Respiratory
Orientical name	Mists	irritation eye irritation se		sensitization
methyl isobutyl ketone	Classification not possible	Not classified	Category 2B	Classification not possible
propyleneglycol monomethylether	Classification not possible	Not classified	Category 2B	Classification not possible
dichloromethane	Classification not possible	Category 2	Category 2A	Classification not possible
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl asetate	Classification not possible	Not classified	Category 2B	Classification not possible
_	_	_	_	-

Chemical name	ISkin sensitization	Germ cell mutagenicity	Carcinogenicity	Reproductive toxicity
methyl isobutyl ketone	Classification not possible	Classification not possible	Category 2	Classification not possible
propyleneglycol monomethylether	Classification not possible	Classification not possible	Classification not possible	Not classified
dichloromethane	Classification not possible	Classification not possible	Category 1A	Category 2
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl asetate	Not classified	Classification not possible	Classification not possible	Not classified
_	_	-	_	_

Chemical name	Specific target organ systemic	Aspiration hazard	
Chemical hame	Single exposure	Repeated exposure	Aspiration nazaru
methyl isobutyl ketone	Category 3	Category 1	Classification not possible
propyleneglycol monomethylether	Category 3	Not classified	Classification not possible
dichloromethane	Category 1, 3	Category 1	Classification not possible
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl asetate	Category 3	Classification not possible	Classification not possible
_	-	-	_

^{*} Hazards information is peculiar to the chemicals. It doesn't change according to the content.

12. Ecological information

Chemical name	Hazardous to aquatic environment			
Chemical name	Acute	Chronic	Ozone layer	
methyl isobutyl ketone	Not classified	Not classified	Classification not possible	
propyleneglycol monomethylether	Not classified	Not classified	Classification not possible	
dichloromethane	Category 3	Category 3	Classification not possible	
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl asetate	Not classified	Not classified	Classification not possible	
_	-	-	_	

^{*} Hazards information is peculiar to the chemicals. It doesn't change according to the content.

* Residual property/resolvability

There are not data as a mixture.

* Creature accumulation characteristics

There are not data as a mixture.

There are not data as a mixture.

13. Disposal consideration

- * Requests disposal to the agency who has solid-waste-treatment license.
- * When disposing container, dispose after removing a content fully.
- ${\bf * Dispose \ of \ contents/container \ in \ accordance \ with \ local/regional/national \ regulation.}$

14. Transport information

(National regulation)

* UN number 1263 * Guideline number 128

* Land transportation Follow the transporting way to be specified in the Industrial Safety and Health Law.

Fire Defense Law and so on.

* Air transportation Follow the transporting way to be specified in the Aviation Law.

* Marine transpotation Follow the transporting way to be specified in the Ship Safety Law.

* Fire Defense Law Not applicable Danger class

(International regulation)

* UN number 1263 * UN proper shipping name PAINT

* UN classification It doesn't correspond to the danger according to the UN recommendation.

21102

(Special precautions)

- * In case of transportation, carry "transportation notice" or "Yellow Card".
- * Confirm container tightly closed and no leaking before transportation.
- * In case of transportation, fix a container tightly and use buffering one as occasion demands.

15. Regulatory information

* Industrial Safety and Health Law

Dangerous goods
Ordinance on the Prevention of Organic Solvent Poisoning
Ordinance on Prevention of Lead Poisoning

Ordinance on Prevention of Hazards due to Specified Chemical Substances

Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Applicable

* Pollutant Release and Transfer Register Law

* Poisonous and Deleterious Substances Control Law

* Fire Defense Law

Listed

Not applicable

* Ship Safety Law Not applicable

* Offensive Odor Control Low Listed

16. Other information

(Main reference)

- * National Institute of Tecnology and Evaluation Opend data
- * Japan Paint Manufacturers Association

Raw material data base

The guide book for the creating SDS and label [mixture (paint)] Second edition Model MSDS and label samples [mixture (paint)]

* Japan Industrial Safety and Health Association

The OJT text for the MSDS of mixture (chemicals) by GHS compatible

- * "YOZAI Pocket Book"
- * "KIKEN BOSAI KYUKYU BINRAN"
- * International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC)
- * SDS of raw materials

(Notice)

- * This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only.
- * It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.
- * In case of use, set a safe conditions for handling.
- * All chemicals have possibility of unknown hazards, so it needs a due attention for handling.
- * Applicable scope of this document is only in Japan.